





TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NLB104SV01L-01

26cm (10.4 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-2093 (1st edition)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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The products are classified into three grades: "Standard", "Special", and "Specific".

Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact an NLT sales representative in advance.

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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PRELIMINARY

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NLB104SV01L-01

1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NLB104SV01L-01 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

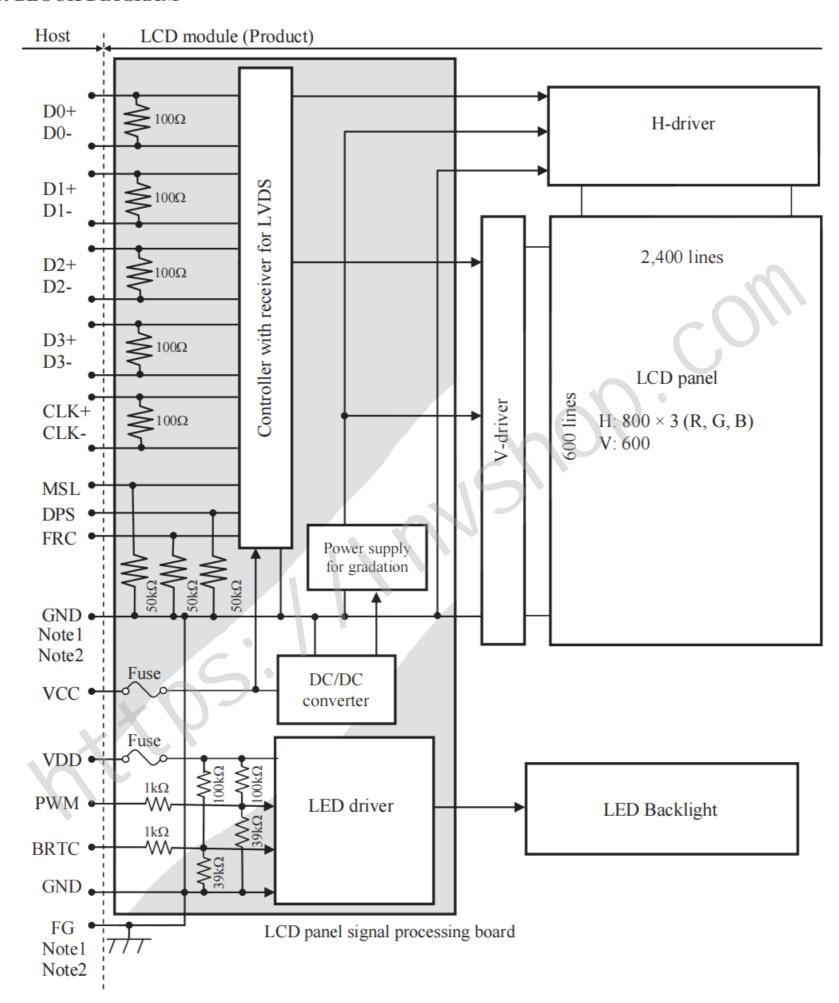
1.3 FEATURES

- High luminance
- High contrast
- ColorXcell technology (Color Enhancement)
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8-bit or 6-bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Long life LED backlight
- Built in LED driver
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- This product will comply with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) when starting mass production.

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	26cm (10.4 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.088 (H) \times 0.264 (V) mm$
Pixel pitch	$0.264 \text{ (H)} \times 0.264 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size	243.0 (W) × 185.1 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	430g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	900:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ = 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At, LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 18ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control (400)cd/m ² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8-bit/6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver Replaceable part Lamp holder set: 104LHS203
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern (4.7)W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND- FG Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	243.0 ± 0.5 (W) × 185.1 ± 0.5 (H) × 10.5 ± 0.5 (D)	Note1	mm
Display area	211.2 (H) × 158.4 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	430 (typ.), 465 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +3.96	W	
voltage	LED d	Iriver	VDD	-0.3 to +15.0	V	
	Display Not		VD			T. 250G
Input voltage for	Function Not	_	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	Ta= 25°C
signals	Eurotion signal	for LED driver	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Function signal	ioi LED diivei	BRTC	-0.3 to +VDD+0.1	V	
	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating		Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3
Operating t	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 90	%	Ta≤40°C
	Note5		КП	≤ 80	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
	Absolute humidity Note5		АН	≤ 66 Note6	g/m ³	Ta > 50°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC and MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 50°C and RH= 80%

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4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	320 Note1	480 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	
Input voltage for DPS signal	High	VFH1	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
	Low	VFL1	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input voltage for FRC	High	VFH2	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
signal	Low	VFL2	0	-	0.3VCC V		CIVIOS IEVEI
Input voltage for MSL	High	VFH3	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
signal	Low	VFL3	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input current for DPS	High	IFH1	-	16	300	μΑ	
signal	Low	IFL1	-300		-	μΑ	
Input current for FRC	High	IFH2	+		300	μΑ	
signal	Low	IFL2	-300	-	-	μΑ	-
Input current for MSL	High	IFH3	-	-	300	μΑ	
signal	Low	IFL3	-300	-	-	μΑ	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver



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4.3.2 LED driver

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	•	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
Power supply current Note2		IDD	-	(300)	(370) Note3	mA	At the maximum luminance control
Permissible ripple vol	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	5.3	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	-	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	VDD	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	-	-	0.8	V	-
PWM frequency		f_{PWM}	100	-	10k	Hz	Note4, Note5
PWM duty ratio	DR_{PWM}	1	-	100	%	Notes Note 7	
PWM pulse width		tPWH	1	-	-	μs	Note6, Note7

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note3: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note4: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note5: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note6: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than 1µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note7: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.



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4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supp	ly voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit		
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p		
VDD	12.0V	≤ 200	mVp-p		

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

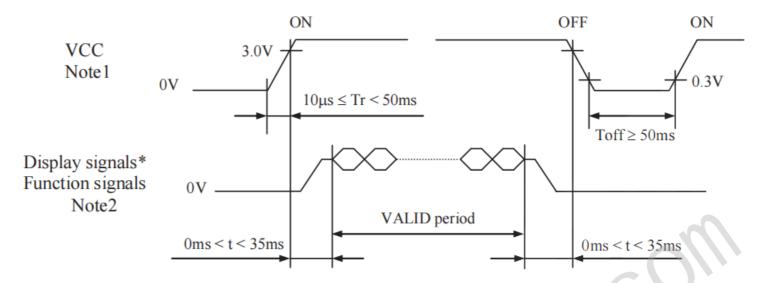
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
rarameter	Type	Supplier	Kating	Fusing Current	Keillaiks	
VCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A		
VCC	FCC16132AB	CO., LTD	36V	3.0A	Note1	
VDD	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC CO., LTD	1.5A 36V	3.0A	Note1	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



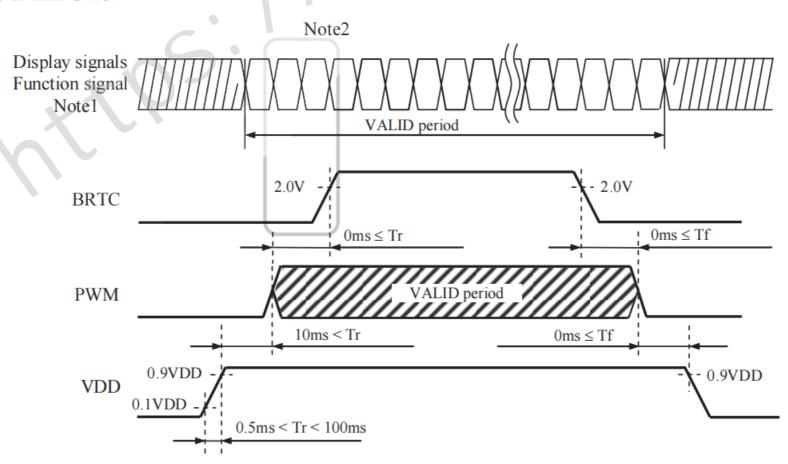
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

piai	oic plug.	1	1-5205 (3apa	a (JAL))							
0.	Symbol	Signal	Input data	signal: 8-bit	Input data signal:	Remarks					
0.	Symoor	o ignar	MAP A	MAP B	6-bit						
A	D3+	Pixel data R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7		-	Note1 Note2						
В	GND	Ground		- Ground				- Groun		Note3	
\dashv			D0 D1 C0 C1 D0 D1	D6 D7 C6 C7 D6 D7	0.104.114	Note1					
\dashv			Pixel data R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7 -								
В	GND		***	- D	Ground	Note3					
3 DPS		of scan direction	High: Low or Open:	Normal scan		Note4					
	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	Low or Open	Note1 Note5						
	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3					
	CLK+										
+	CLV	Pixel clock		Pixel clock							
_	CLK-										
	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3					
	D2+	Dival data	PA P7 P7								
	D2-	Pixei data	B4-B7,DE	B2-B	5,DE	Note2					
	GND	Ground	1	Ground		Note3					
	D1+										
+	Di A	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,	B0-B1	Note2					
\perp	DI-										
X	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3					
	D0+	Dival data	P2 P7 C2	DO D	5.00	Note2					
	D0-	rixei data	K2-K7,U2	KU-K	3,00	Note2					
	GND	Ground	Ground								
	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low or Open High Low or Open								
\top	VCC	•									
\top	VCC	Power supply		Note3							
). A B	A D3+ B GND A D3- B GND DPS FRC GND CLK+ CLK- GND D2+ D2- GND D1+ D1- GND D0+ D0- GND MSL VCC	D. Symbol Signal D. Symbol Signal D. Symbol Signal D. D3+ Pixel data B. GND Ground D3- Pixel data B. GND Ground DPS Selection of scan direction FRC Selection of the number of colors GND Ground CLK+ CLK- GND Ground D2+ Pixel data D2- GND Ground D1+ Pixel data D1- GND Ground D0+ Pixel data D1- GND Ground D0+ Pixel data D0- GND Ground D0- Pixel data	Symbol Signal Input data MAP A A D3+	Input data signal: 8-bit MAP A	Name					

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".



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4.5.2 LED driver

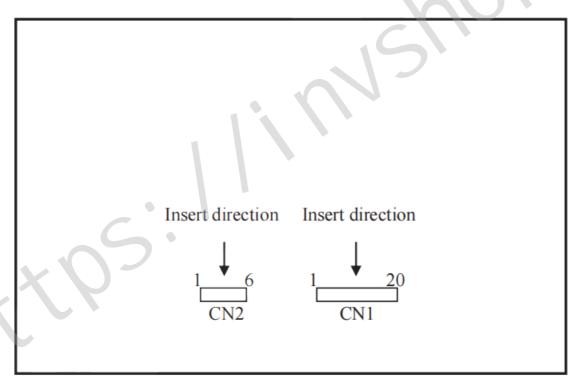
CN2 socket (LCD module side): FI-S6P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S6S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remarks
1	VDD	Power supply	
2	VDD	Power supply	Note1
3	GND	Ground	Note I
4	GND	Ground	
5	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High or Open: Backlight ON Low: Backlight OFF
6	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming High or Open: 100% (Max. Luminance)

Note1: All VDD and GND terminals must be connected to appropriate terminals.

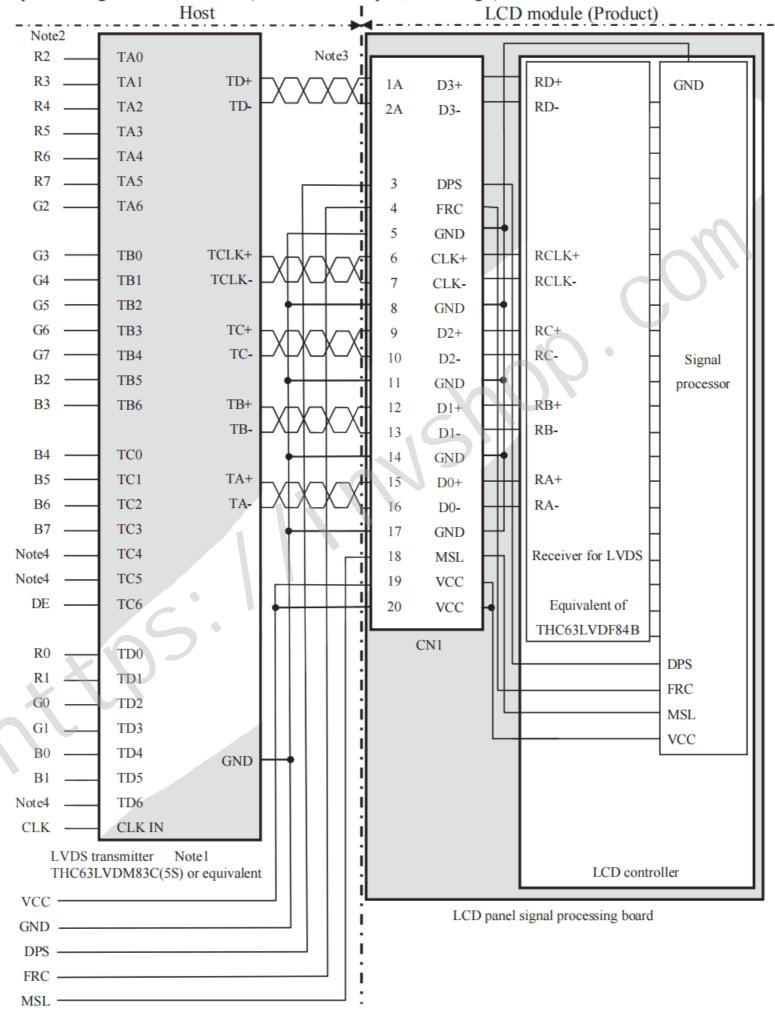
4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket

Rear side



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A (MSL: Low or Open, FRC: High)

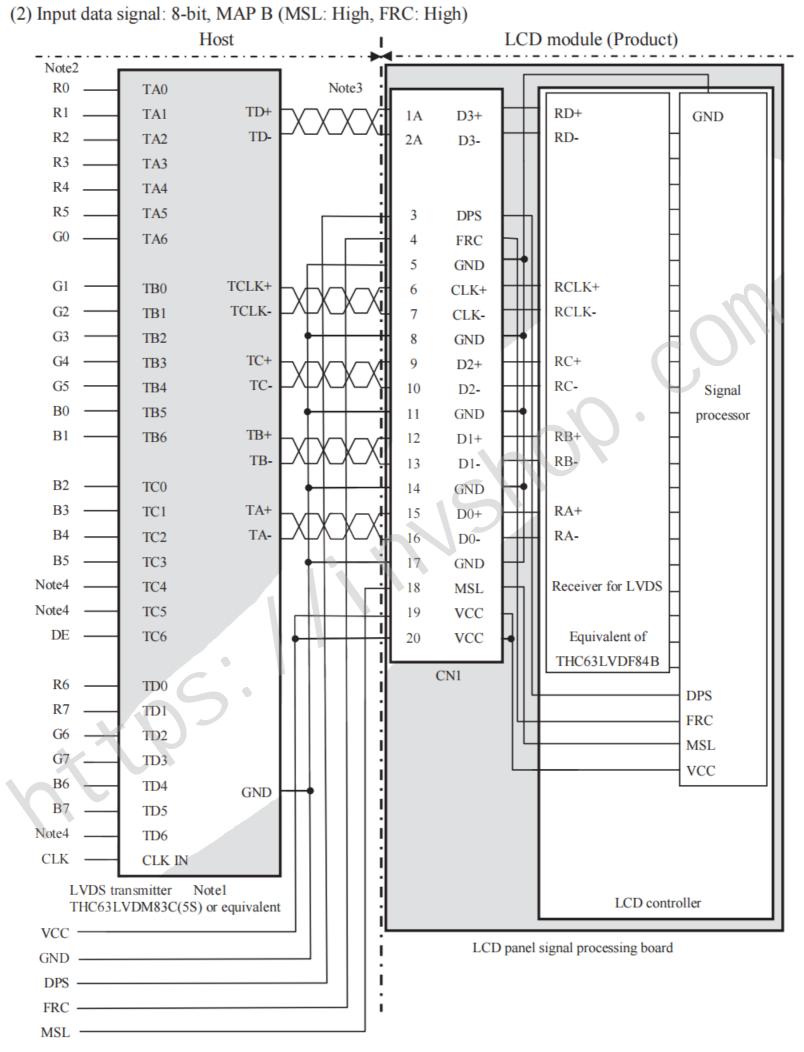


Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

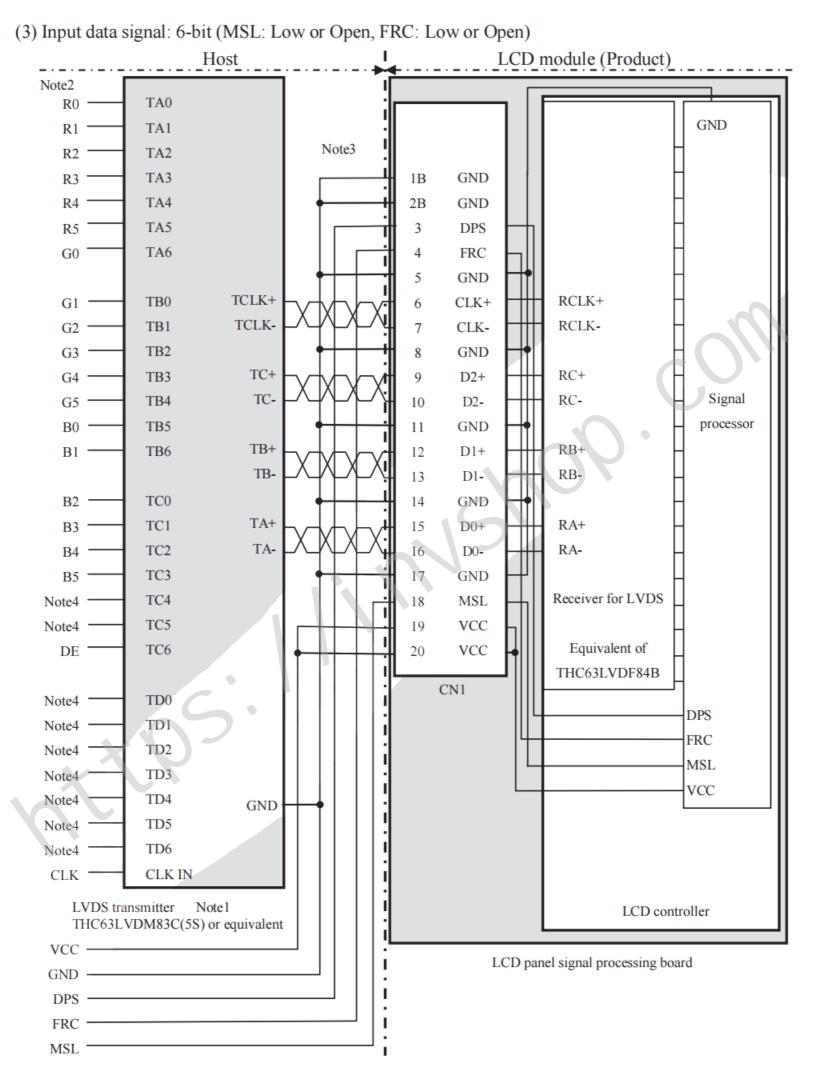
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



- Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

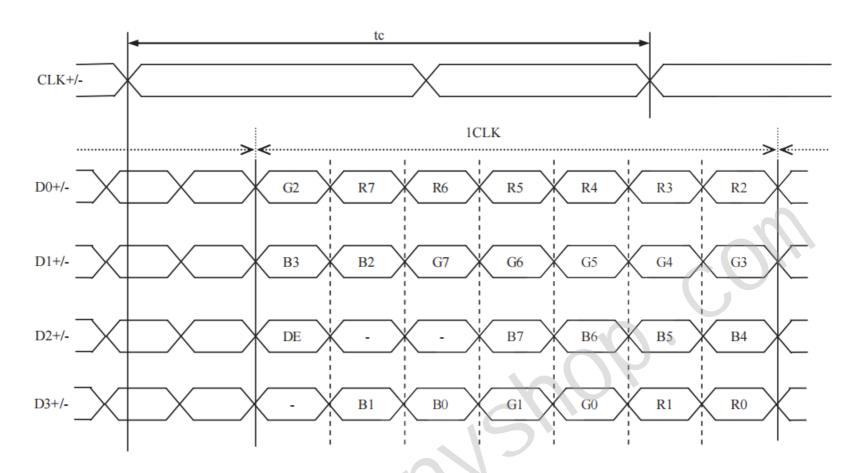
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

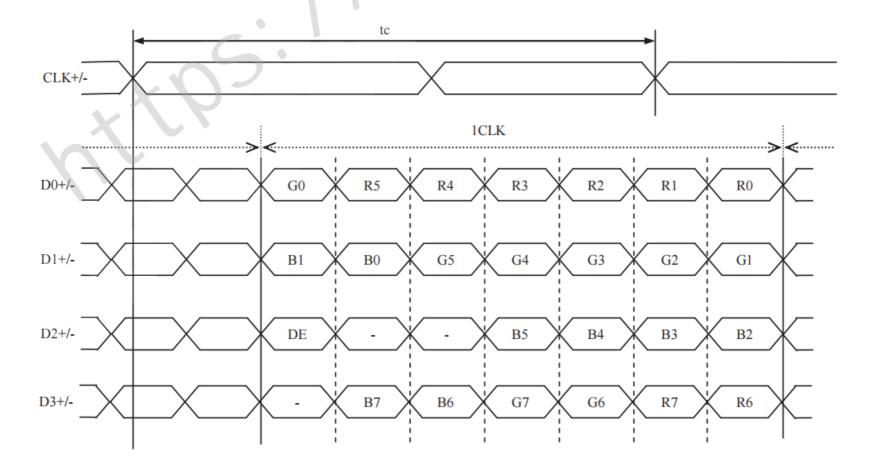
Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD0-6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

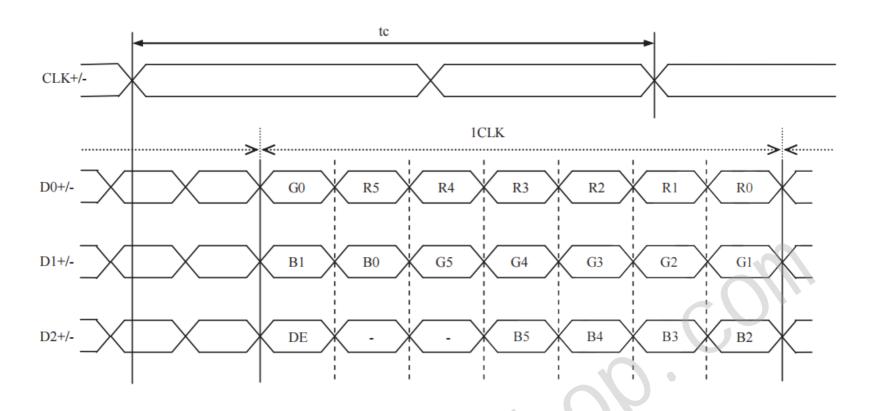
(1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6-bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
①	8-bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low or Open	16,777,216	Note1
2	8-bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6-bit	-	GND	Low or Open	Low or Open	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors". Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display 16,777,216 colors equivalent with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Dienlas	colors	Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																							
Display	COIOIS	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
l .	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
သိ	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
l .	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
l .	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	1					:								:								:			
Red gray scale	↓					:								:								:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l .		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
l .	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SS	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑													:								:			
น	\													:								:			
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale														:								:			
ie on	↓	0	0	0	0		0		^		0	0	0	:	^		^	,		1				^	
Blı	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Dlug	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	I	I	I	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors							Dat			Low	level,	1: H	igh le	vel)					
		R5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B 4	В3	В2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
calc	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13y S	↑				:						:					:	:		
gIg	↓				:						:					:	:		
Red gray scale	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>e</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	↑				:					;	:					:	:		
Green gray scale	↓										:					:	:		
ree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
9		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
စ		0 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay					:						:					:	:		
Blue gray scale	↓				:						:					:	:		
31uc	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0,	0) B					
$\begin{pmatrix} C(&0,&0) \end{pmatrix}$	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•		•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	
•	•		•			\bigcirc .
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)		C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)		C(X, 599)	• • •	C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

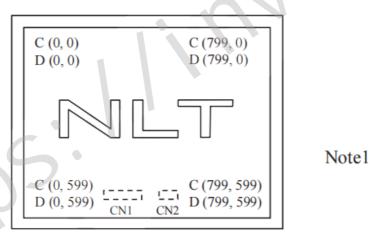


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

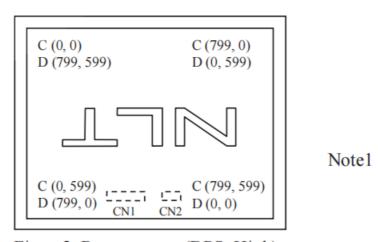


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

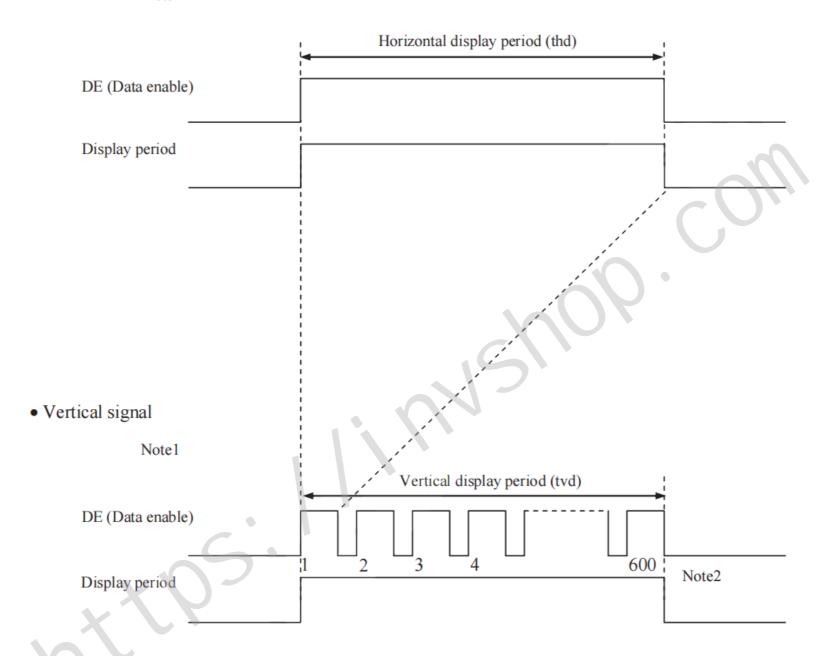
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

D(X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

- 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings
- Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.



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4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	1/tc	34.0	38.362	42.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)		
CLK	Du	ty ratio	-				-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns		
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	r		ns	-		
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		
		Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs	37.463kHz (typ.)	
	Horizontal	Сусте	uı	-	1,024	-	CLK	37.403KHZ (typ.)	
		Display period	thd		800		CLK		
	**	Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)	
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Сусте	tv	-	625	-	Н	39.94HZ (typ.)	
	(one name)	Display period	tvd		600		Н	J -	
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-			5	ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-				ns	_	
Rise time, Fall time			-		10		ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

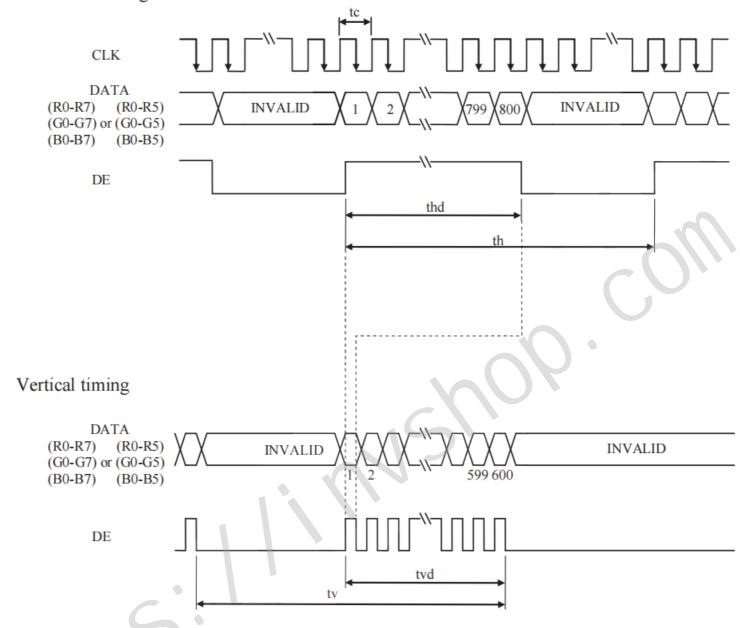
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



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4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

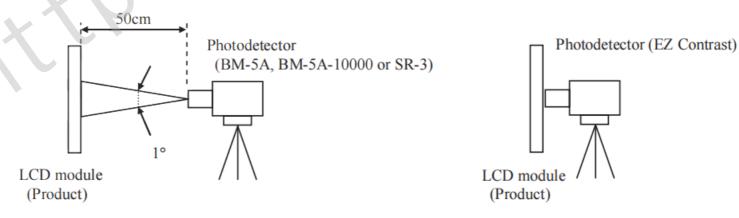
								, , ,	110002)
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R=0^{\circ}$, $\theta L=0^{\circ}$, $\theta U=0^{\circ}$, $\theta D=0^{\circ}$	L	(240)	(400)	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R=0^{\circ}$, $\theta L=0^{\circ}$, $\theta U=0^{\circ}$, $\theta D=0^{\circ}$	CR	500	900	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R= 0^{\circ}, \theta L= 0^{\circ}, \theta U= 0^{\circ}, \theta D= 0^{\circ}$	LU	1	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-] .	
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.585	-	-		
Chromoticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.350	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	•	0.358	-	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.553	-	-	SK-3	Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.158	-	-	1	
	Blue	y coordinate	By	•	0.140	•	-		
Color gamut		θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	·	%		
Pagnanga t	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Response time		Black to White	Toff	-	15	21	ms	-10000	Note7
Viccio e conte	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θ L	70	80	-	0	EZ	Note
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	-	0	1	

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.3V, VDD = 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 28°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

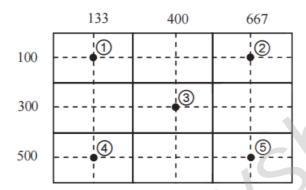
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

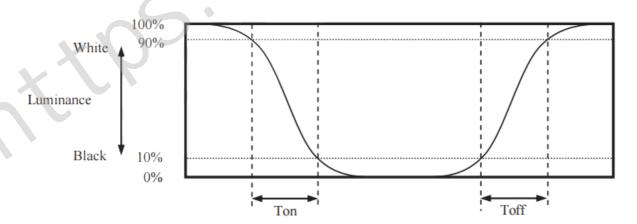
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

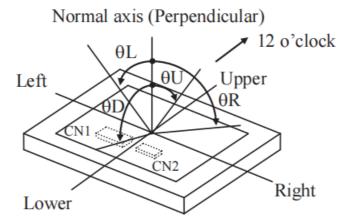


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED alam autom automas	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	50,000	h
LED elementary substance	TBD°C (Temperature at LCD panel surface and rear shield surface) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	TBD	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

TBD

7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS !

7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- © Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ② Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



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7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

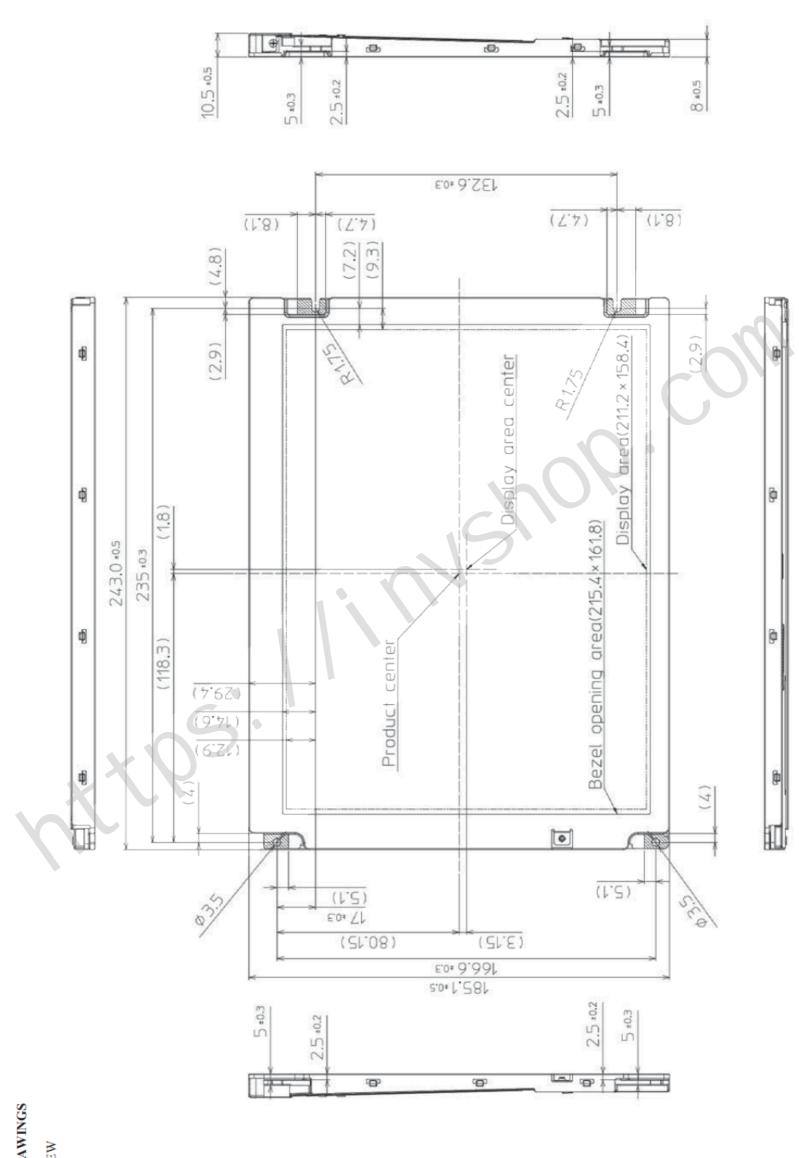
- ① All VCC, VDD and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- 3 See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT.

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8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW

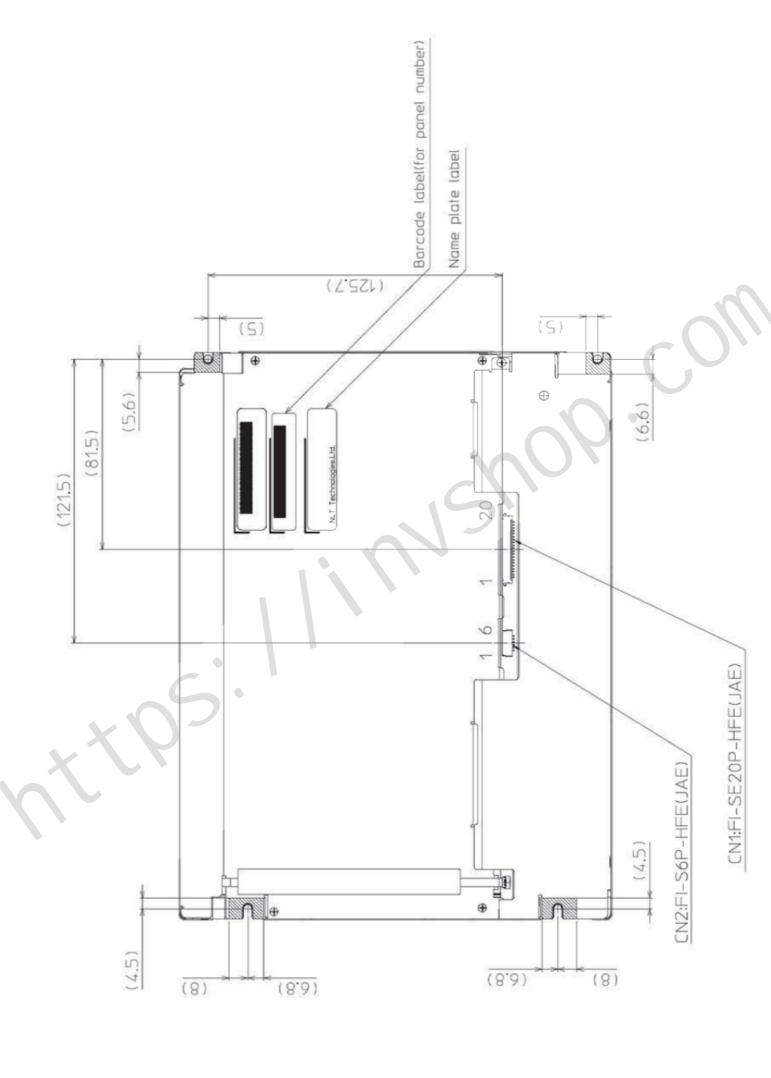


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Note3: [[[25]]] Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

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0

8

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Note3: [ZZZZ] Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

REVISION HISTORY

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	Revision contents and signature	
1st edition	DOD-PP- 2093	Apr. 9, 2015	Revision contents New issue	
			Signature of writer Approved by Checked by R. KAWASHIMA	Prepared by E. Yoshimuna E. YOSHIMURA